Leading Change Inspiring Progress



Federated multidomain 5G test ranges in NATO countries







Speakers



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NATO Digital Backbone Experimentation (DiBaX) 2024 Summary

Scalable Interoperable Resilient-5G (SIR-5G)

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NATO DiBaX and its Objectives

NATO Allied Command Transformation (ACT) Led Event that:

- Brings cutting edge next generation communications demonstration, testing and experimentation to operators in their environment to enable Multi-Domain Operations through the Digital Backbone
- Uses multiple emerging and disruptive technologies to push exploitation by NATO and nations
- 3. Develops a digitally ready workforce
- 4. Shares Best Practices from NATO and nations
- 5. Aligned with capability development needs of the Digital Backbone
- 6. Complements other Innovation and Interoperability activities

DiBaX 2024 Objectives:

- Test Secure, interoperable, resilient information exchange with multinational military users
- Explore current abilities and limitations of connectivity to Unmanned Vehicles (UxV) through next generation communication networks
- Experiment on the performance of technologies to provide ubiquitous connectivity on sea and in the air
- Demonstrate technologies to improve support to NATO Deployable Systems
- Support Multi-Domain Operations Concept through wargaming
- To develop procedures and technologies to support NATO Energy Management (EnM)
 Concept
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NATO ACT: NATO sponsor for DiBaX Latvia: Host nation for primary DiBaX venue

Note: Remote participation in DiBaX included: USA (Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) Military Communications Conference (MILCOM)), Michigan Air National Guard (MI ANG), Italy, Spain, Norway and Sweden



Prime Minister Kristen Michal, NATO Capabilities HQ SACT Assistant of Staff Major General Hayrettin Koca, Principal Director



LMT Unmanned Service Vessel (USV) (left) and Latvian Skrunda boat (right

- 2



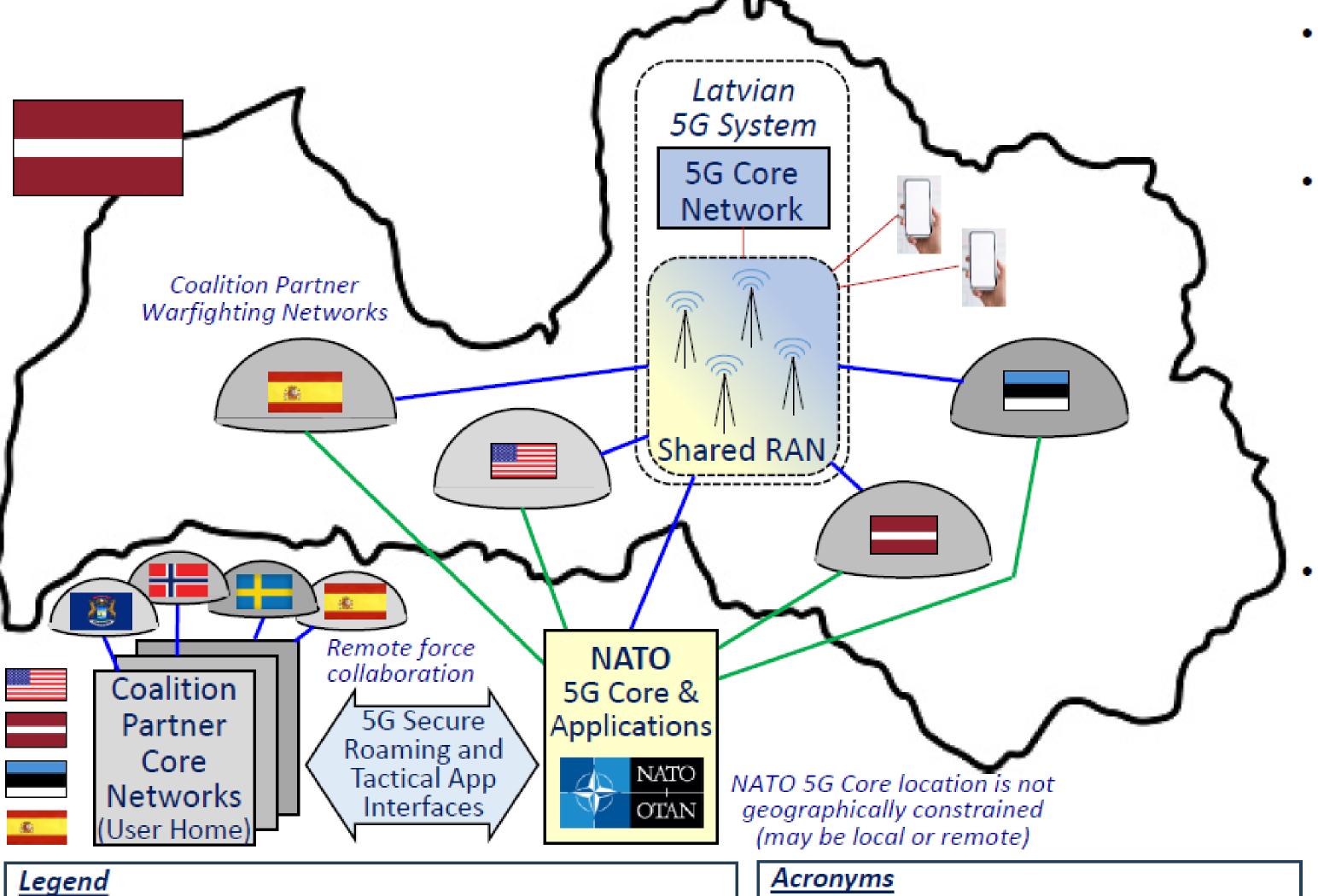
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— Coalition Partner 5G (3GPP Access)

Latvian NAF User 5G (legacy user)

Coalition Partner Tactical Radio (Non-3GPP Access)

DoD Contributions: SIR-5G



- Objective: Employ standard 5G capabilities to provide a scalable, interoperable, and resilient warfighting network for NATO
- Contributions: Integrated demonstration of 5G secure roaming, RAN Sharing with a commercial telecommunications provider, and internetworking between a 5G core and a heterogeneous group of tactical radios. These technologies enabled control of autonomous air/ground vehicles, automatic transition between 5G and tactical waveforms, and access to a common operational picture among six NATO allies during a mechanized assault by the Multinational Brigade (MNB).
 - Warfighter Impact:
 - Scalability—Use host nation RAN Sharing with a NATO 5G core and secure roaming to maximize coverage and rapidly achieve shared situational awareness
 - Interoperability—Supports information exchange among NATO allies using their organic tactical radios and commercial 5G mobile devices
 - **Resilient Communications**—Provides the warfighter with options to employ the best waveform(s) (tactical, 5G, or both) for each phase of the mission



3GPP 3rd Generation Partnership Project

National Armed Forces

Radio Access Network

NAF

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MILCOM Technology Demonstration Summary

On October 29, 2024, the FutureG Office co-hosted a technology demonstration with NATO ACT at the IEEE MILCOM in Washington, DC.

The demonstration connected a 5G mobile device at MILCOM into the exercise network of DiBaX simultaneously taking place at the Adazi Military Base in Latvia. The connection provided access to the exercise common operational picture and multiple video feeds from unmanned air and ground platforms.

Conference attendees witnessed a demonstration involving NATO forces leveraging 5G capabilities to conduct a nighttime simulated mechanized assault and casualty evacuation. The demonstration provided a clear and compelling operational use case for how 5G can provide scalable, interoperable, and resilient communications for NATO forces.



Principal Director FutureG Dr. Tom Rondeau briefing SIR-5G demo at IEEE MILCOM in Washington, D.C

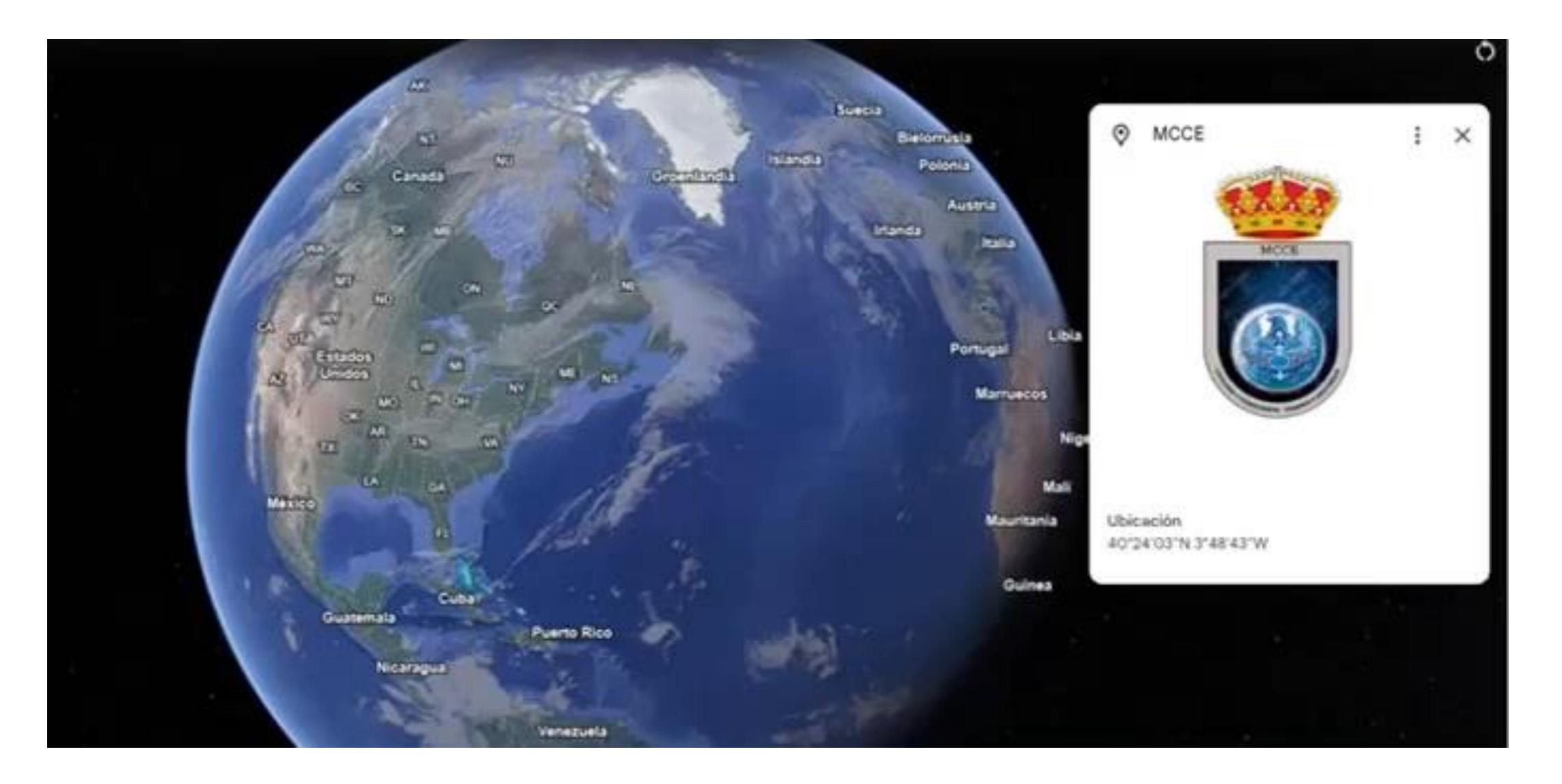


Director FutureG LtCol Ben Pimentel briefing SIR-5G demo at IEEE MILCOM in Washington, D.C.



"It is not a question will the military use 5G technologies, but how will it do so, in particular, by tackling security challenges in order to prevent disastrous consequences."

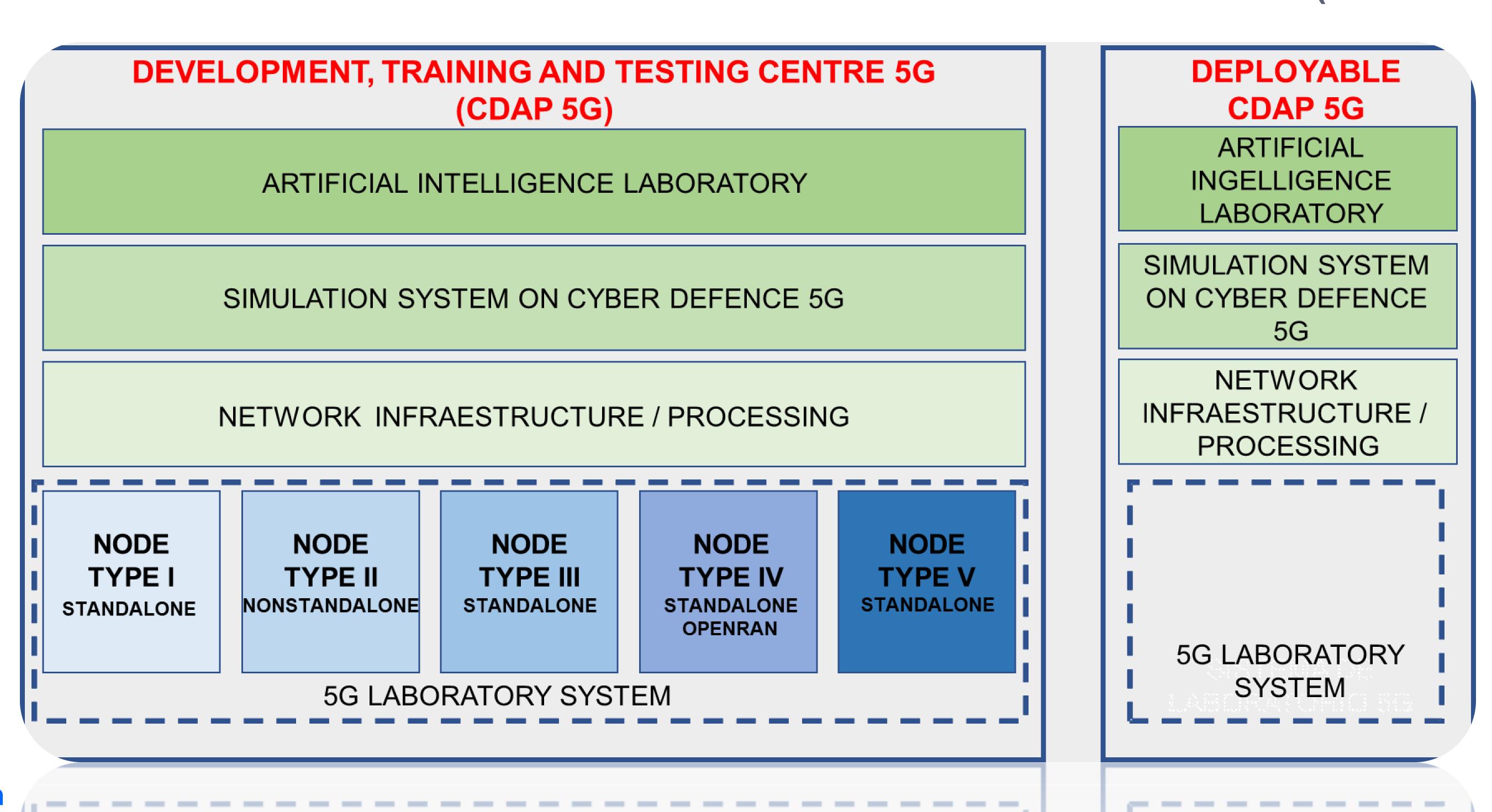
Rear Admiral René Tas, Assistant Chief of Staff, HQ SACT, at the start of first Joint 5G Military Security Workshop (3FEB21)







NEW CENTRE FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS ON CYBER DEFENCE WITH 5G TECHNOLOGY (CDAP 5G DEF)

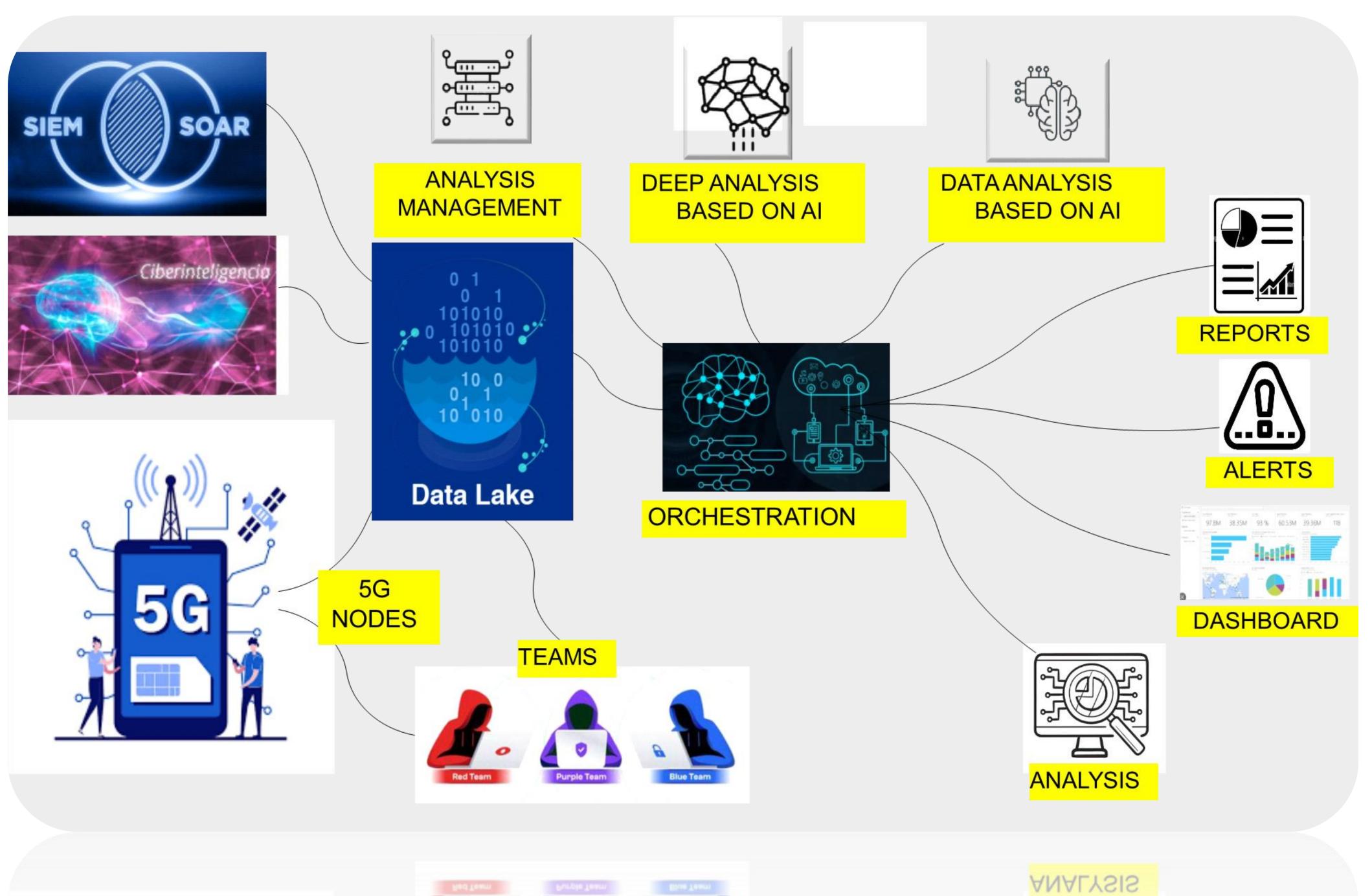






SYSTEM

NEW CENTRE FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS ON CYBER DEFENCE WITH 5G TECHNOLOGY (CDAP 5G DEF)







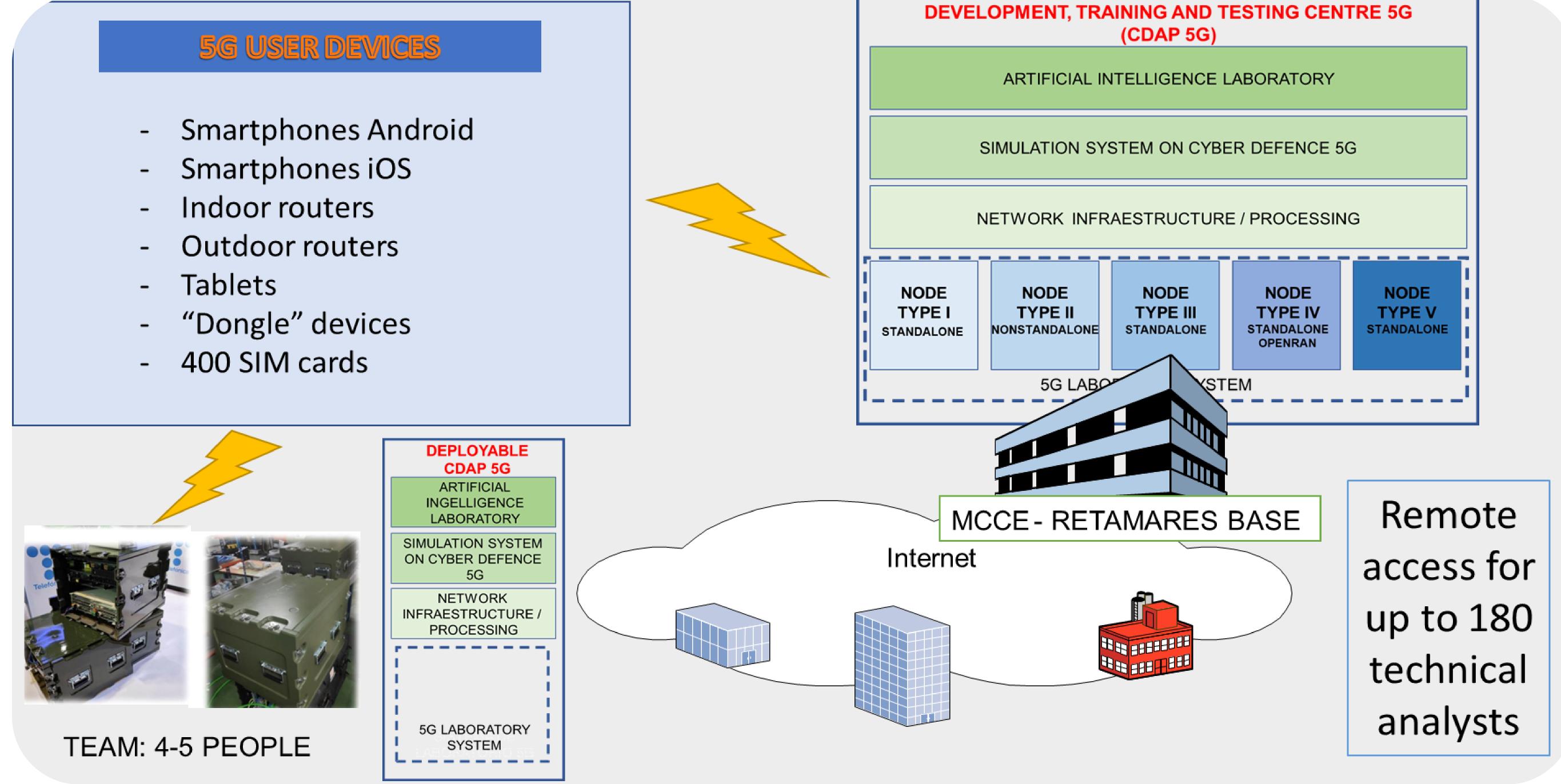


TEAM: 4-5 PEOPLE

SYSTEM

5G LABORATORY

NEW CENTRE FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS ON CYBER DEFENCE WITH 5G TECHNOLOGY (CDAP 5G DEF)







analysts

FUTURE JOINT, DISTRIBUTED AND MULTI-DOMAIN NEXT GENERATION NETWORKS (5G) TEST SITES

- 5G network infrastructure deployed to perform **military Use Cases Test, Evaluation, Validation and Verification** in a controlled environment.
- Based on deployments of private 5G networks in different platforms, locations and training fields that will be interconnected by a high speed network, allowing joint, distributed and Multi-Domain experiments.
- Those private 5G nodes will be connected to the CENTRE FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS ON CYBER DEFENCE WITH 5G TECHNOLOGY, to ensure ciberdefense of networks and devices connected.
- State: Feasibility Study.
- Future: Connect through 5G CENTER with other UE and NATO 5G Test Sites and running multinational 5G scenarios.





NATO Digital Foundry







Multinational Collaboration on 5G (MN5G)

MN5G Aim: Effectively and efficiently exploiting the potential of 5G and beyond technologies in military applications

Common interests & priorities: Benefits:

- Interoperability & Standardization
- Capability Development
- Security
- Spectrum
- Adopt NATO STANAG 5665 (mil 5G)

- Economies of scale & increased strength
- Influence & leadership
- Collaborative approach
- Synergies with other initiatives
- De-risking capability programmes





